Out Of The Theatre And Into The Clinic: Cost and Waiting Time Analysis of Therapeutic Hip Injections; Ultrasound Versus Fluoroscopy

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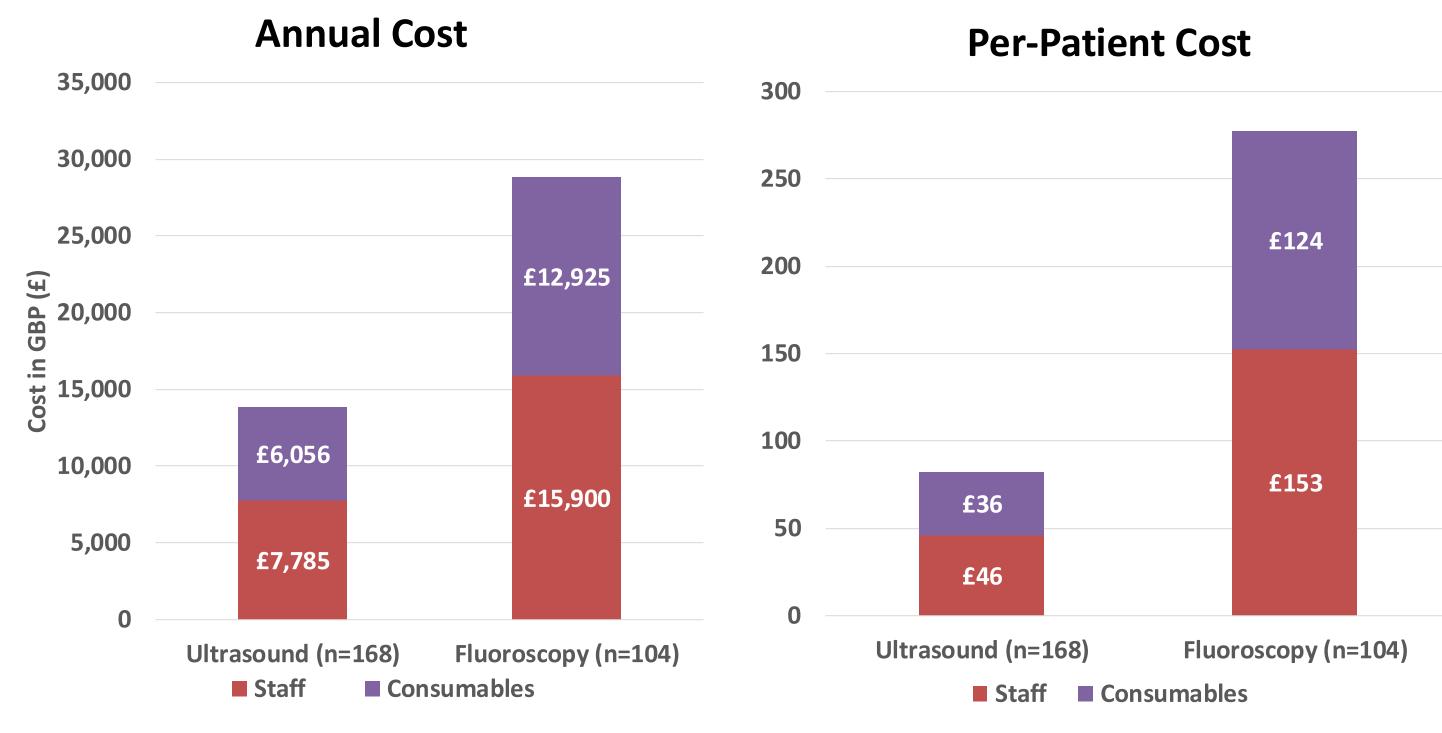


Therapeutic hip injections can be delivered in clinic using ultrasound or in theatre using fluoroscopy. Although both approaches are clinically effective, they differ markedly in cost, staffing requirements, and waiting times. With increasing pressure on theatre capacity, understanding the most cost-effective pathway is essential for service planning.

METHODS

- Retrospective review of hip injections (Mar 2023–Feb 2024) at UHCW.
- Compared ultrasound-guided injections in clinic vs fluoroscopy-guided injections in theatre.
- Costs included staff pay, consumables, and medications.
- Capital costs (Imaging equipment, room maintenance and training) excluded.
- Waiting times compared using Mann–Whitney U test.
- Exclusions from analysis above due to unclear documentation or serial injection pathways:
 Ultrasound: 34/168 (20.2%),
 Fluoroscopy: 21/104 (20.1%)

Results: Cost Analysis



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Figure 1: Cost comparison of ultrasound-guided and fluoroscopy-guided hip injections. Stacked bars display staff and consumable contributions to total cost. Annual expenditure reflects (procedure volume x cost).

Cost Type	Ultrasound (n=168)	Fluoroscopy (n=104)
Per-patient cost	£82.39	£277.16
Annual cost	£13,841.52	£28,824.64

Ultrasound required fewer staff roles and significantly less costly consumables. Fluoroscopy required SCP, consultant, ODP, two scrub nurses, support worker, radiographer, and recovery nurse. Fluoroscopy-guided injections incur **higher medication costs** to US guided procedures (£110.62 vs £24.90 respectively) due to the need for contrast medium and Penthrox analgesia.

Results: Waiting Time Analysis

Key findings

- Ultrasound lists
 move faster on
 average with less
 variability.
- Theatre scheduling can introduce delay and more variability.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS Shapiro—Wilk: Fluoroscopy non-normal Mann—Whitney U: U = 1803, p = 0.007 → Significant difference favouring ultrasound.

Boxplot: Clinic vs Theatre Waiting Times

	Ultrasound	Fluoroscopy
Median (days)	108.5	132.5
IQR	55.5	128
Range	2-292	22-465
Final (N)	134	83

Figure 2: Boxplot and table of Ultrasound vs Fluoroscopy Waiting Times in Days

CONCLUSIONS AND IMPLICATIONS

Ultrasound-guided hip injections are substantially more costeffective and associated with shorter, more predictable waiting times than fluoroscopy-guided procedures. The lower staffing and consumable requirements of ultrasound result in markedly reduced per-patient and annual expenditure, while its clinicbased delivery avoids the scheduling constraints of theatre lists. These findings support prioritising an 'ultrasound-first' pathway for suitable patients. Implementing this approach can improve patient access, reduce delays, free theatre capacity for complex surgical cases, and optimise overall service efficiency and resource use within the MSK pathway.

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