

Weekend Matters: A QI Project to Improve Post-Operative Reviews in Elective Lower Limb Arthroplasty

Introduction

- ❑ Early post-operative review after elective lower-limb arthroplasty is essential to:
 - **Detect complications** (i.e. bleeding, infection) [1]
 - **Reduce morbidity + length of stay** [2]
- ❑ Local trust practice (UHBW) aligns with national **Seven-Day clinical standards**, which mandate daily clinical review, including weekends [3]
- ❑ Departmental feedback suggested that weekend reviews were not consistently performed or documented, **raising patient-safety concerns**.
- ❑ This aligns with the recognised '**weekend effect**' [4]- the observation that patients receiving care over weekends experience:
 - **Delayed assessment**
 - **Poorer documentation**
 - Higher **complication** or **mortality** rates

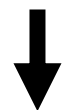
Objectives

- ❑ **Aim 1: Baseline audit** to assess whether elective lower-limb arthroplasty patients on Knightstone Ward received and had documentation of the required daily weekend post-operative reviews.
- ❑ **Aim 2:** Identify gaps in weekend review documentation and introduce a **targeted intervention** to improve handover clarity and weekend team awareness.
- ❑ **Aim 3: Re-audit** after implementing the intervention to determine whether weekend review documentation improved across post-operative days 0-3.

Methods

Baseline Audit (Oct - Nov 2023)

- Patient identification:
 - All Knightstone ward patients operated Thus-Sun identified via *Bluespир*; physical notes retrieved
- Data collected:
 - Assessment of notes to determine whether patients were 'seen' by a doctor from the orthopaedics team on Day 0/1/2/3 (inc. weekend overlap)
 - Day 1 bloods taken/requested
- 'seen' =
 - Pink proforma sheet completed OR a dated continuation sheet entry matching post-op day
 - AND Signed by a doctor (name/bleep)



Intervention

- Operating team to flag weekend-review patients on handover list
- Weekend T&O FY2s to confirm patients needing review with ward team
- Process reinforced at departmental induction

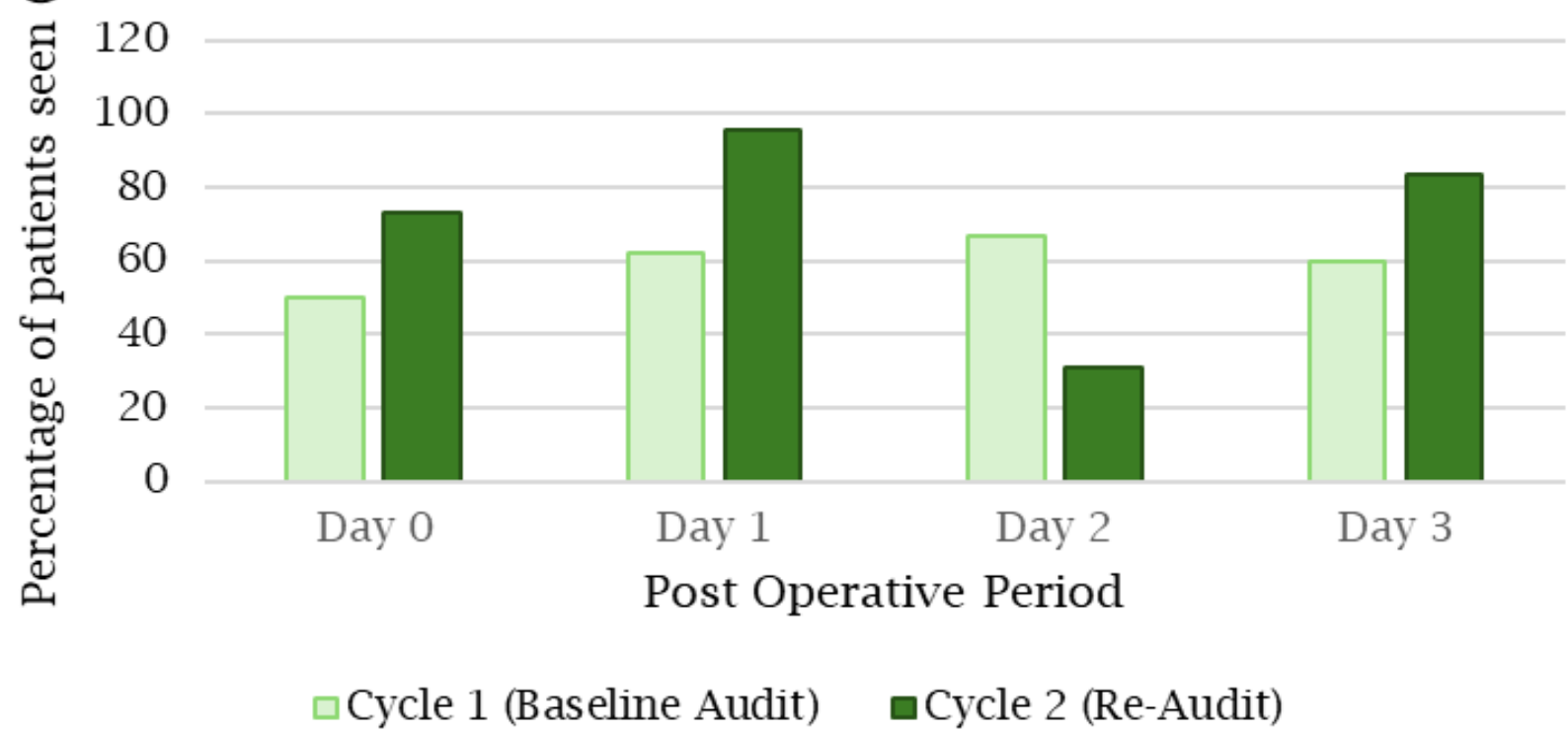


Re-audit (Apr-Jun 2024)

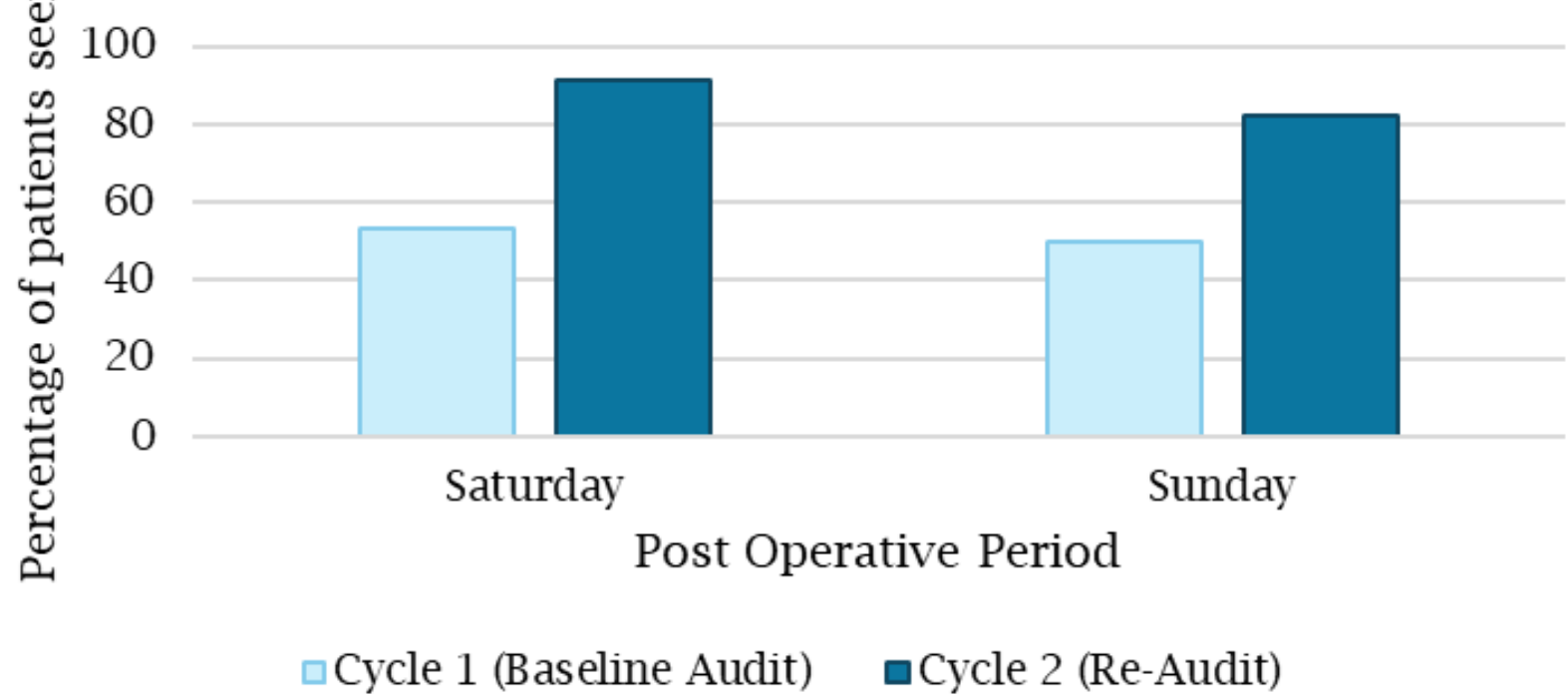
- Same inclusion criteria (Knightstone ward; Thurs-Sun)
- Same documentation review methodology

Results

Comparing the percentage of patients seen on Knightstone over Day 0-3



Comparing the percentage of patients seen on Knightstone post operatively over the weekend



Conclusions

Main Findings

- Weekend post-operative reviews for elective lower limb arthroplasty patients were deficient.
- Targeted intervention (improved handover + weekend team awareness) markedly improved review rates across most post-op days.
- Day 2 remained comparatively low.
- No day achieved 100% compliance.

Limitations

- ❖ Reliance on *Bluespир* being accurate for patient location
- ❖ Incomplete notes access (59%)
- ❖ Small sample size (n=28 Baseline Audit; n=26 Re-Audit)

Next Steps

- ❑ Clarify whether routine weekend reviews are required for patients already MFFD.
- ❑ Strengthen handover or clear documentation of patients needing Day 0 reviews.
- ❑ Continue auditing to drive full 7-day standard compliance.

References

1. Khan SK, Malviya A, Muller SD, Carluke I, Partington PF, Emmerson KP, et al. Reduced short-term complications and mortality following Enhanced Recovery primary hip and knee arthroplasty: results from 6,000 consecutive procedures. *Acta Orthopaedica*. 2014;85(1):26-31.
2. Soffin EM, YaDeau JT. Enhanced recovery after surgery for primary hip and knee arthroplasty: a review of the evidence. *British Journal of Anaesthesia*. 2016;117:iii62-iii72.
3. NHS England. Seven Day Services Clinical Standards. Version 2, 8 February 2022. NHS England; 2022. Available from: <https://www.england.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/B1230-seven-day-services-clinical-standards-08-feb-2022.pdf>
4. Smith SA, Yamamoto JM, Roberts DJ, Tang KL, Ronksley PE, Dixon E, et al. Weekend Surgical Care and Postoperative Mortality: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Cohort Studies. *Med Care*. 2018;56(2):121-9.